Why join an UMIFRE institute as a researcher?

These institutes have been established in their host countries for years, and even almost a century in some cases! That means they have established solid relationships of confidence over the years with local partners and scientists, enabling effective field work. The institutes support researchers, acting as logistical bases, documentation centres (with access to precious rare books and a wealth of digitized archives), laboratories and sometimes exhibition venues. First and foremost, they are forums for discussions and reflection between colleagues, with the related goal of **optimizing dissemination** and promotion of research (monographies, journals, seminars, websites, exhibitions, partnerships, etc.).

Why join a UMIFRE institute during your doctorate?

Doctoral candidates will find attentive supervision in every UMIFRE institute, with a team of experienced researchers who will provide equipment, facilitate local contacts, and offer methodological advice. The seminars organized regularly for doctoral students in a given centre are a stimulating environment, with exchanges and sharing of ideas. A period at a UMIFRE institute is also an opportunity for an international and local experience while enjoying reliable access to physical and digital resources. Doctoral students can thus get to understand how a research centre is run (organization of seminars, round tables. study days, etc.) and build up a network in the scientific world, especially as, given their longstanding presence, these institutes are now respected authorities in their host countries.

Joining the network

As a researcher

You can carry out a long-term mission (position of researcher for the Ministry for Europe and Foreign Affairs or a CNRS posting or delegation). It is also possible to stay several months (CNRS international mobility support, etc.) or be recognized there as an associate researcher.

As a Master's or Doctorate student

Access support schemes exist: look out for calls for applications for mobility grants offered by UMIFRE institutes and the CNRS, and ask at your higher education institution about exchange opportunities, including with local UMIFRE partners.

Look up the research interests of each UMIFRE institute on its website and choose yours!

For further information on procedures and grant opportunities, consult the following websites:

www.ifre.fr/
www.cnrs.fr/inshs/
www.fmsh.fr/en/international
www.diplomatie.gouv.fr/en/
> Scientific diplomacy section
Institute directors may also be contacted











A CRUCIAL NETWORK FOR INTERNATIONAL FIELD WORK













The Ministry for Europe and Foreign Affairs has an international network of 27 research institutes specialized in humanities and social sciences, including 25 (UMIFRE) managed jointly with the French National Centre for Scientific Research (CNRS) in order to ensure excellent scientific quality. These institutes are spread across more than 30 countries, representing a unique tool supporting France's scientific diplomacy. Field research, training, disseminating scientific work and debate are central to their work.

What fields do they study?

UMIFRE institutes develop research programmes into the history of civilizations and the challenges of the contemporary world. These interdisciplinary programmes combine fields including history, archaeology, economics, geography, linguistics and political science, addressing essential issues from the past and present such as the climate, migration, urban planning and democratic transitions. In order to deal with the world's complexity, they oppose science in silos and promote cross-cutting study focuses and area studies, as well as innovative investigative methods. Some institutes are also **specialized in** environmental sciences (such as in Ethiopia. India and Nigeria) or in archaeology (in Afghanistan, Sudan, Turkey, Latin America, etc.).

Leaend of fields

Archaeological and historical III • Digital humanities

French Archaeological Delegation in Afghanistan • Kabul

French Centre for Research on

French Centre for Research in the Social Sciences (CEFRES) ♦ III Czech Republic • Prague

French Centre for Ethiopian Studies (CFEE) ♦ III ● Ethiopia • Addis Ababa

Franco-German Institute – Historical and Social Sciences (IFRA-SHS) ♦ III

Centre for Social Sciences and Humanities India • New Delhi

French Institute for the Near East (IFPO) ♦ III × ● Iraq • Erbil / Jordan • Amman / Lebanon • Beirut / Palestinian territories • East Jerusalem

French Institute for Research in Iran (IFRI) ♦ III Iran • Tehran

and Social Sciences (CEFAS) ♦ III

French Institute for Central Asian Studies (IFEAC) ♦ III × Tajikistan • Dushanbe

Institut Français of South Africa − South Africa • Johannesburg
Research (IFAS) ♦ III ×

French Section of the Sudanese Sudan • Khartoum Directorate of Antiquities (SFDAS)

French Research Institute on Contemporary South-East Asia (IRASEC) • *

French Research Institute on the Tunisia • Tunis Contemporary Maghreb (IRMC) ♦ ×

French Institute for Anatolian Studies Turkey • Istanbul (IFEA) ♦ III ×

Maison française of Oxford (MFO) ♦ III • United Kingdom • Oxford

French Institute for Andean Studies (IFEA) • III × Bolivia • La Paz / Colombia • Bogotá / Ecuador • Quito / Peru • Lima

Contemporary China (CEFC) ♦ × ● China • Beijing, Hong Kong / Taiwan • Taipei

Centre for Social, Judicial and Economic Documentation and Study (CEDEJ) ♦ × ●

Marc Bloch Centre (CMB) ♦ III ● Germany • Berlin

Centre for Mexican and Central Guatemala • Guatemala City / American Studies (CEMCA) ♦ III × Mexico • Mexico City

French Institute of Puducherry (IFP) ♦ III × India • Puducherry

French Research Centre in Jerusalem (CRFJ) ♦ III Israel • West Jerusalem

France-Japan House (MFJ) ♦ III × Japan • Tokyo

French Institute for Research in Africa (IFRA) • III × Kenya • Nairobi / Nigeria • Ibadan

French Centre for Archaeology Kuwait • Kuwait City

Jacques Berque Centre (CJB) ♦ III Morocco • Rabat

Franco-Russian Study Centre (CEFR) ♦ III Russia • Moscow

A network reaching out to the whole world



Research

increasing numbers of ERC

projects

Agency (ANR) projects each year

students and post-docs each year

per year

works in libraries 🚺 🗬

Former UMIFRE members

Roland Besenval DAFA · Archaeologist, Central Asia expert

Michel Bonnin CEFC • Founder of the journal Perspectives

Henry Corbin IFRI Philosopher and orientalist

Françoise Daucé CEFR • Russia specialist

Mathias Énard IFPO & IFRI • Writer,

2015 Goncourt Prize laureate

François-Xavier Fauvelle CFEE, IFAS & CJB · Historian,

specialist in mediaeval Africa

IFP · Forests specialist, former President of François Houllier the French National Institute for Agricultural Research (INRA), now President of Sorbonne-

Paris-Cité University

Stéphane Lacroix CEDEJ · Political scientist and specialist in political Islam

Jean-François Pérouse IFEA Istanbul · Specialist in contemporary

Turkey

Christian Robin CEFAS • Orientalist, member of the Académie

des inscriptions et belles-lettres

Yves Saint-Geours IFEA Andes • Latin America specialist, now French Ambassador to Spain



Jessica Giraud's My four-year stay at the French Institute for the Near East in Erbil was one of the greatest experiences of my life. Thanks to my field work and contact with local researchers, my work as an archaeological researcher took on all its meaning. All sorts of collaboration were possible, and research and training projects emerged naturally. I am now still an associate of the IFPO. I have created the research company Archaïos so as to continue this collaboration with my Iraqi colleagues.